of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques for other forms of information technology. Send comments to Seleda Perryman, CDC Assistant Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road, MS-D24, Atlanta, GA 30333. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Proposed Projects

The Incidence of Breast and Other Cancers among Female Flight Attendants—New—National Institute for Occupational Safety band Health (NIOSH)—Flight attendants experience exposures which may affect breast cancer risk including exposure to elevated levels of cosmic radiation and circadian rhythm disruption. This study will evaluate the incidence of breast and other cancers among a cohort of approximately 10,000 women who were employed as flight attendants.

The occurrence of breast and other cancers will be obtained from death certificates and from telephone interviews with living women and next-

of-kin of deceased women. Each interview will take approximately 60 minutes to complete. Medical records will be requested to confirm cancer diagnoses. The primary analysis will evaluate the risk of breast and other cancers associated with occupational exposure within the cohort. The secondary analysis will compare the incidence of breast and other cancers in the cohort to that in the general population, with adjustment for factors which might increase cancer risk in the cohort independent of occupational exposure to cosmic radiation and circadian rhythm disruption. The total cost to respondents is estimated at \$165,400.

| Respondents | Number of respondents | Number of responses/ respondent | Avg. burden per re- sponse (in hrs.) | Total bur- den (in hrs.) |
|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Flight attendants/proxies | 10,000 300 1,000 | 1 1 1 | 1 0.083 0.5 | 10,000 25 500 |
| Total | | | | 10,525 |

Dated: December 21, 1999.

Nancy Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning, and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

[FR Doc. 99–33728 Filed 12–28–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-00-17]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention is providing opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer on (404) 639–7090.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information

is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques for other forms of information technology. Send comments to Seleda Perryman, CDC Assistant Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road, MS-D24, Atlanta, GA 30333. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Proposed Projects

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) proposes to continue data collection for congenital syphilis case investigations under the "Congenital Syphilis Case Investigation and Report Form" (CDC 73.126 REV 11–98); this form is currently approved under OMB No. 0920–0128. This request is for a 3-year extension of clearance. Reducing congenital syphilis is a national objective in the DHHS Report entitled *Healthy People 2000: Mid-course Review and 1995 Revisions.*

Objective 19.4 of this document states the goal: "reduce congenital syphilis to an incidence of no more than 40 cases per 100,000 live births" by the year 2000. In order to meet this national objective, an effective surveillance system for congenital syphilis must be continued in order to monitor current levels of disease and progress towards the year 2000 objective. This data will also be used to develop intervention strategies and to evaluate ongoing control efforts.

Respondent burden is approximately 15 minutes per reported case. The estimated annual number of cases expected to be reported using the current case definition is 1,000 or less. Therefore, the total number of hours for congenital syphilis reporting required will be approximately 250 hours per year. The total estimated cost for this project is \$7,275. The estimated cost to the Federal government is \$3,750; this figure includes the cost of printing the form and staff time in preparing reports for publication and mailing. The annualized cost to the respondents is \$3,525 based on an estimated support staff salary of \$15 per hour.

| Respondents | Number of re- spondents | Number of responses/ respondent | Avg. burden per re- sponse (in hrs.) | Total bur- den (in hrs.) |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|
| State and local health department | 65 areas | Varies—cases are reported by occurrence. | .25/hour (15 minutes) | 1.083 |
| Total | | | | 1.083 |

Dated: December 21, 1999.

Nancy Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning, and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

[FR Doc. 99–33730 Filed 12–28–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30DAY-07-00]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639–7090. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer; Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235; Washington, DC 20503. Written

comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

Proposed Project

1. Management of Occupational Blood **Exposures and Antibiotic Prescription** Practices Among United States Dentists—NEW—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP). In U.S. health care facilities, both occupational transmission of bloodborne pathogens and antimicrobial resistance are important problems with significant morbidity and costs. Several public health initiatives have been undertaken or are being developed to increase compliance with recently published recommendations to reduce occupational transmission of bloodborne pathogens and to assess current antibiotic use by physicians, hospital and other medical health-care workers. However, to date, there are limited data on dentists' implementation and knowledge of postexposure recommendations or on their antibiotic use. Therefore, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Division of Oral Health, intends to conduct a survey of the

management of occupational blood exposures and antibiotic prescription practices among United States dentists. Information provided by these data are critical to the Division of Oral Health's ongoing efforts to protect dental workers from infection with bloodborne diseases and to target educational efforts aimed at increasing awareness of and compliance with current CDC recommendations. Information on antibiotic prescribing practices will help identify the most effective strategies for promoting appropriate use of antibiotics among dentists, provide an epidemiologic baseline on which to measure future behaviors, and assess the need for comprehensive guidelines.

A random sample of currently practicing U.S. dentists will be mailed questionnaires with two follow-up mailings to non-respondents. The information collected will include demographic information, office policies for management of occupational blood exposures and training of dental staff, the weekly number of antibiotic prescriptions, the most commonly prescribed antibiotics, and the most common oral conditions for which antibiotics are prescribed. The total annual burden hours are 3600.

| Respondents | Number of re- spondents | Number of re- sponses/re- spondent | Average bur- den/response (in hours) |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Practicing U.S. Dentists | 3,600 | 1 | 0.25 |

Dated: December 21, 1999.

Nancy Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

[FR Doc. 99–33729 Filed 12–28–99; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Administration for Children and Families

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

Title: Refugee State-of-Origin Report ORR–11.

OMB No.: 0970-0043.

Description: The information collection of the ORR-11 (Refugee State-of-Origin Report) is designed to satisfy the statutory requirements of the Immigration and Nationality Act. Section 412(a)(3) of the Act requires ORR to compile and maintain data on the secondary migration of refugees within the United States after arrival.

In order to meet this legislative requirement, ORR requires each State to submit an annual count of the number of refugees who were initially resettled in another State. The State does this by counting the number of refugees with social security numbers indicating residence in another State at the time of arrival in the U.S. (The first three digits

of the social security number indicate the State of residence of the applicant.)

Data submitted by the States are compiled and analyzed by the ORR statistician, who then prepares a summary report which is included in ORR's annual Report to Congress. The primary use of the data is to quantify and analyze refugee secondary migration among the 50 States. ORR uses these data to adjust its refugee arrival totals in order to calculate the ORR social services formula allocation.

Respondents: State, Local or Tribal Government.

Annual Burden Estimates: